LYRIC OPERA OF CHICAGO Chicago, Illinois

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019 and 2018

LYRIC OPERA OF CHICAGO Chicago, Illinois

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019 and 2018

CONTENTS

INDE	EPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
FINA	ANCIAL STATEMENTS	
;	STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION	3
;	STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES	4
;	STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	6
ı	NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUP	PPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE	
	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - COLUMN FORMAT	32



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors Lyric Opera of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Lyric Opera of Chicago (the Opera), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lyric Opera of Chicago as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note A to the financial statements, the Opera has adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14 - Not-For-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-For-Profit Entities; ASU 2014-09 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606); and ASU 2018-08 - Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made (Topic 958). Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matter

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying statement of activities - column format is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Crow LLP

Crowe LLP

Chicago, Illinois October 15, 2019

LYRIC OPERA OF CHICAGO STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

ASSETS	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,437,386	\$ 3,490,867
Short-Term Investments	30,479,261	9,006,578
Ticket and Other Receivables	679,798	1,032,761
Pledge and Bequest Receivables, net	7,645,050	19,450,086
Deferred Production Costs and Other Assets	2,787,710	2,960,196
Total Current Assets	46,029,205	35,940,488
1916.	.0,0=0,=00	33,513,133
Long-Term Assets		
Pledge and Bequest Receivables, net	24,154,852	25,572,359
Long-Term Investments	187,950,143	189,005,947
Deferred Production Costs and Other Assets	59,298	236,565
Property and Equipment, net	40,081,169	42,611,556
Total Long-Term Assets	252,245,462	257,426,427
Total Long Total		
Total Assets	\$ 298,274,667	\$ 293,366,915
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$ 3,266,213	\$ 3,286,396
Deferred Ticket and Other Revenue	15,366,103	13,931,497
Severance Plans	658,973	751,796
Interest Rate Swap	1,002,096	883,167
Total Current Liabilities		
Total Culterit Liabilities	20,293,385	18,852,856
Long-Term Liabilities		
Severance Plans	3,596,283	3,476,097
Debt Payable, net	65,130,443	65,048,714
Interest Rate Swap	8,046,711	6,127,990
Total Long-Term Liabilities	76,773,437	74,652,801
		 _
Total Liabilities	97,066,822	93,505,657
Net Assets		
Without Donor Restrictions	106,245,882	104,997,052
With Donor Restrictions	100,240,002	104,991,032
Time or Purpose	65,365,455	65,343,166
Perpetual	29,596,508	29,521,040
•	94,961,963	
Total National Restrictions	·	94,864,206
Total Net Assets	201,207,845	199,861,258
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 298,274,667	\$ 293,366,915

LYRIC OPERA OF CHICAGO STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Changes in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Operating		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Revenue and Support				
Revenue				
Ticket Sales	\$	30,174,416	\$	25,975,812
Spending Draw		9,160,795		9,114,038
Investment Return		335,013		190,975
Other		6,330,476		6,756,153
Total Revenue		46,000,700	_	42,036,978
Support				
Contributions and Fundraising Revenue, net		14,165,679		14,101,953
Net Assets Released from Restriction and Designation		16,361,221		25,435,400
Total Support		30,526,900		39,537,353
Total Operating Revenue and Support		76,527,600	_	81,574,331
Expenses				
Artistic, Production and Promotional		64,334,005		69,243,304
Administration		7,435,652		7,771,037
Development		4,757,943		4,559,990
Total Expenses		76,527,600		81,574,331
Change in Net Assets from Operations	<u>\$</u>		\$	

LYRIC OPERA OF CHICAGO STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Changes in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions Non-Operating		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Revenue and Support Contributions	\$	9,106,155	\$	1,004,119
Investment Return, net of Spending Draw	Ψ	(3,647,554)	Ψ	202,633
Unrealized (Loss)/Gain on Interest Rate Swap		(2,037,649)		2,463,291
Other Revenue		62,439		19,777
Net Assets Released from Restriction and Designation		2,492,771		8,608,703
Total Revenue and Support		5,976,162	_	12,298,523
Expenses				
Depreciation		4,211,994		4,233,563
Other		515,338	_	637,447
Total Expenses		4,727,332		4,871,010
Change in Non-Operating Net Assets				
Without Donor Restrictions		1,248,830		7,427,513
Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	_	1,248,830		7,427,513
Changes in Net Assets With Donor Restrictions				
Contributions		16,916,984		13,548,552
Investment Return		2,034,765		3,939,967
Increase in Allowance for Doubtful Pledges Receivable		-		-
Net Assets Released from Restriction		(18,853,992)	_	(34,044,103)
Change in Net Assets With Donor Restrictions		97,757		(16,555,584)
Change in Net Assets		1,346,587		(9,128,071)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		199,861,258		208,989,329
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 2	201,207,845	\$	199,861,258

LYRIC OPERA OF CHICAGO STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Change in Net Assets	\$	1,346,587	\$	(9,128,071)
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to				
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization		4,297,386		4,324,827
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains on Investments		(5,888,278)		(12,795,538)
Net Interest Rate Swap Settlements		896,545		1,128,829
Unrealized Gains on Interest Rate Swap		2,037,649		(2,463,291)
Contributions With Donor Restrictions for Endowment		(75,467)		(725,560)
Contributions Restricted for Capital Investment		(4,793,311)		(1,224,388)
Decrease in Pledge and Bequest Receivables		13,222,543		9,863,909
(Increase) Decrease in Ticket and Other Receivables		352,963		(71,802)
Decrease in Deferred Production Costs and				
Other Assets		349,753		706,461
Decrease in Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities		(20,183)		(1,065,027)
Increase in Deferred Ticket and Other Revenue		1,434,606		145,606
Increase (Decrease) in Severance Plans		27,363		(67,920)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities		13,188,156		(11,371,965)
Net Oddin novided by (Oded in) Operating Activities		13, 100, 130		(11,571,505)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Sale of Investments		55,002,521		49,449,117
Purchase of Investments		(69,531,121)		(38,026,876)
Net Interest Rate Swap Settlements		(896,545)		(1,128,829)
Fixed Asset Additions:				
Facilities		(442,523)		(265,578)
Equipment and Other Assets	_	(1,242,747)		(1,394,275)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided By Investing Activities		(17,110,415)		8,633,559
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Contributions With Donor Restrictions for Endowment		75,467		725,560
Contributions Restricted for Capital Investment		4,793,311		1,224,388
Proceeds from Borrowings		-		3,600,000
Repayments of Borrowings		_		(3,500,000)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		4,868,778		2,049,948
Net Cash Flowded by Financing Activities	-	4,000,770	_	2,043,340
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		946,519		(688,458)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		3,490,867		4,179,325
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Deginining of Teal		3,430,007	_	4,170,020
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	4,437,386	\$	3,490,867
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information				
Interest Paid	\$	2,022,265	\$	2,021,366
	<u>*</u>	_,,	<u>*</u>	_,,

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities: Lyric Opera of Chicago (the Opera) is a not-for-profit corporation incorporated in the State of Illinois. The Opera's primary purpose is to sponsor, produce, and encourage opera and musical performances. The Opera's operations include international grand opera, educational and community engagement activities through Lyric Unlimited, other musical performances and the training for young artists through the Patrick G. and Shirley W. Ryan Opera Center (the Ryan Opera Center).

Basis of Accounting: The accounting records of the Opera are maintained on the accrual basis and include the operations of the Ryan Opera Center.

Basis of Presentation: Resources of the Opera are classified for reporting purposes into the following two net asset categories according to the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions:

- Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions net assets which are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions including the carrying value of physical properties (land, facilities and equipment). Items which increase or decrease this net asset category include revenue—principally ticket sales and investment income unless donor-restricted, and all expenses of the Opera. This category also includes gifts without donor restriction and gifts with donor restriction whose donor-imposed or time restrictions were met during the fiscal year.
- Operating and Non-Operating Activities: Within net assets without donor restrictions are:
 - Operating net assets without donor restrictions include all operating revenue and expenses without donor restrictions that are an integral part of its programs and supporting activities, interest expense and other debt service costs, net assets released from donor restrictions to support operating activities, and distributions in accordance with the Opera's spending policies and capital campaigns.
 - Net assets without donor restrictions include investment returns in excess of the Opera's spending policy without donor restrictions, capitalized property and equipment and its related depreciation, the actuarial change in severance plans' valuation, and the unrealized balance in the value of the swap. Charitable gift annuities without donor restrictions are also included in Non-Operating Revenue and Support as contributions.
- Net Assets With Donor Restrictions net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some
 donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the
 passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are
 perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents consist of highly liquid, interest-bearing, investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Short-Term Investments: Short-term investments consist of short-term fixed income mutual funds.

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pledge and Bequest Receivables: Contributions, including cash or other assets, as well as unconditional promises to give, are recognized in the period received.

Contributions are classified as without donor restrictions or with donor restrictions support based on donor-imposed restrictions. When a donor restriction expires (i.e., when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is met), the Opera reclassifies the net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions and reports these assets as released from restriction. If a restriction is fulfilled in the same fiscal year in which the contribution is received, the Opera classifies the support as without donor restrictions, except for production sponsorship where the contribution is classified as with donor restrictions until the opening of the production.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, contributors to the Opera have made unconditional promises to give, which are due as follows:

June 30, 2019	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	<u>Total</u>
Less than one year	\$ 4,254,902	\$ 4,068,539	\$ 8,323,441
One to five years	129,592	17,106,690	17,236,282
More than five years	-	1,900,000	1,900,000
With no due date	75,000	9,033,724	9,108,724
Gross	4,459,494	32,108,953	36,568,447
Less discount	57,976	3,964,059	4,022,035
Less allowance	264,000	482,510	746,510
Net	\$ 4,137,518	\$ 27,662,384	\$ 31,799,902
June 30, 2018	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	<u>Total</u>
Less than one year	\$ 13,498,044	\$ 6,148,315	\$ 19,646,359
One to five years	584,245	19,181,405	19,765,650
More than five years	-	1,450,000	1,450,000
With no due date	75,000	8,816,615	8,891,615
Gross	14,157,289	35,596,335	49,753,624
Less discount	70,466	3,673,908	3,744,374
Less allowance	111,501	875,304	986,805

Unconditional pledges expected to be received over more than one year are recorded by the Opera at their net realizable value using a discount rate equivalent to treasury yields.

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Production Costs: Expenditures for scenery, costumes, and stage properties are recorded as deferred production costs if specifically related to productions of future opera seasons and expensed if used in productions of the current opera season.

Long-Term Investments: Long-term investments, consisting primarily of publicly traded equity and fixed income mutual funds, alternative investments and real assets, are stated at fair value. For investment purposes, funds without donor restriction are commingled with endowment funds to constitute the managed portfolio.

Property and Equipment: Purchases of property and equipment greater than \$3,500 that have a useful life of more than one year are capitalized at their original cost or estimated fair value at the date of donation. Provisions for depreciation are computed on the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives ranging from three to forty years.

Property and equipment consist of:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Land	\$ 696,577	\$ 696,577
Equipment	18,863,125	18,053,974
Facilities	90,668,458	90,238,276
Work In Process	507,485	115,365
Less: accumulated depreciation	70,654,476	66,492,636
Net	\$ 40,081,169	\$ 42,611,556

Donated assets, or assets acquired with gifts with donor restrictions to the purchase of long-lived assets, are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions when they are placed into service.

On an ongoing basis, the Opera reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may be overstated. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, management believes that no impairments existed.

Deferred Ticket Revenue: Deferred ticket revenue relates to ticket sales for the following season.

Interest Rate Swap: The Opera entered into an interest rate swap agreement as part of its interest rate risk management strategy, not for speculation. Although the Opera believes the derivative would qualify as a hedge, accounting standards for not-for-profits allow reporting the instrument as a freestanding derivative.

Donated Services and Materials: The Opera records various types of in-kind support, including contributed services, equipment, and other goods. Contributions of tangible assets and services are recognized at fair value when received. The amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements as in-kind support are offset by like amounts included in expenses or assets. Donated services and materials were \$420,483 and \$1,421,181 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, substantial amounts of time were donated by volunteers to the Opera in its fundraising and outreach efforts. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such amounts were not recorded as contributions in the financial statements.

Realized and Unrealized Investment Gains (Losses): Changes in the fair value of investments are reported as realized and unrealized investment gains or losses without donor restrictions unless a donor restricts income for a specific purpose. If the earnings are on assets with donor restrictions and not yet appropriated for expenditure, changes in the fair value of investments are reported as with donor restrictions.

Other Operating Revenue: Other operating revenue includes revenue from various sources such as facilities rentals, concessions, production rentals, and education and community engagement activities.

Contributions and Fundraising Revenue, net: Contributions and fundraising revenue, net, includes Annual Campaign contributions and various fundraising special events contributions without donor restrictions, admissions, sales, and related expenses. The following table summarizes this information for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contributions and fundraising revenue Special event expenses	\$ 15,687,512 (1,521,833)	\$ 17,876,726 (3,774,773)
Net	\$ 14,165,679	\$ 14,101,953

Advertising Costs: Advertising costs are either expensed as incurred or charged to prepaid expenses when directly related to ticket sales for the following fiscal year. Advertising costs charged to expense were \$3,447,331 and \$3,219,624 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Prepaid advertising expenses, to be expensed in the following fiscal year, were \$368,196 and \$303,951 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Adoption of New Accounting Standards: In August 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-for-Profit Entities*, which revises the not-for profit financial reporting model. ASU 2016-14 provides for additional disclosure requirements and modifies net asset reporting. The standard requires the Opera to reclassify its net assets (i.e., unrestricted, temporarily restricted, and permanently restricted) into two categories; net assets without donor-imposed restrictions and net assets with donor-imposed restrictions, among other requirements. The Opera adopted ASU 2016-14 for its fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 and has adjusted the presentation of these financial statements accordingly. The ASU has been applied retrospectively to all periods presented, except for the functional allocation of expense presentation and disclosure, as permitted. The implementation of this ASU did not have a material effect on amounts previously presented, except for a change in the recognition of capital contributions. Previously, these contributions were released from restriction over the useful life of the asset; however with the implementation of ASU 2016-14, these contributions are now fully released at the time the asset is placed in service.

		Net Assets Without Donor Restriction		Net Assets With		Total Net Assets
As previously reported - July 1, 2017	<u> 501</u>	ior reconnection	<u></u>	<u> </u>		<u>/100010</u>
Unrestricted Temporarily Restricted Permanently Restricted	\$	92,001,101	\$	- 88,192,748 28,795,480	\$	92,001,101 88,192,748 28,795,480
Total Net Assets - July 1, 2017 prior to impact of net asset reclassification upon adotion of ASU 2016-14		92,001,101		116,988,228		208,989,329
Net asset reclassification resulting from the adoption of 2016-14		5,568,438		(5,568,438)		
Net assets - July 1, 2017 - subsequent to the adoption of ASU 2016-14	\$	97,569,539	<u>\$</u>	111,419,790	\$	208,989,329
As previously reported - Year ended		Net Assets Without nor Restriction		Net Assets With nor Restriction		Total Net Assets
June 30, 2018						
Releases from restrictions - non-operating	\$	8,201,692	\$	(8,201,692)	\$	-
Reclassifications resulting from the adoption of ASU 2016-14 Releases from restrictions - non-operating		407,011		(407,011)	_	
As adjusted for the adoption of ASU 2016-14						
Releases from restrictions - non-operating	\$	8,608,703	\$	(8,608,703)	\$	<u>-</u>

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

On July 1, 2018, the Opera adopted ASU 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and all subsequent amendments to the ASU (collectively, "ASC 606"), which creates a single framework for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers that fall within its scope. A portion of the Opera's revenue comes from contributions, investment return, and other income which are outside the scope of ASC 606. The Opera's services that fall within the scope of ASC 606 are recognized as revenue as the Opera satisfies its obligation to the customer. Services within the scope of ASC 606 include ticket sales, restaurant and concession sales, facility rentals, and production rentals. Refer to Note O Revenue from Contracts with Customers for further discussion on the Opera's accounting policies for revenue sources within the scope of ASC 606.

The Opera adopted ASC 606 using the modified retrospective method applied to all contracts not completed as of July 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after July 1, 2018 are presented under ASC 606 while prior period amounts continue to be reported in accordance with legacy Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The adoption of ASC 606 did not result in a change to the accounting for any of the in-scope revenue streams; as such, no cumulative effect adjustment was recorded.

On July 1, 2019, the Opera adopted ASU 2018-08, Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. This update provides not-for-profit organizations with new guidance on characterizing grants and similar contracts as either reciprocal or nonreciprocal transactions, and it provides a framework for distinguishing between conditional and unconditional contributions. There were no significant changes due to this standard.

Recent Accounting Guidance: In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. This ASU affects any entity that enters into a lease, with some specified scope exemptions. The main difference between previous GAAP and this ASU is the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases under previous GAAP. Public business entities should apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Opera has not yet implemented this ASU and is in the process of assessing the effect on the Opera's financial statements.

NOTE B - INCOME TAXES

The Opera is exempt from federal income taxes under the provisions of Section 501(C)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Opera has concluded there were no material uncertain tax positions nor does the Opera expect the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits to significantly change in the next 12 months. The Opera does not have nor does it anticipate any interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax positions in interest and income tax expense as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. There are no ongoing federal, state or local audits.

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the Opera's principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

(Continued)

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Accounting standards establish a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
- Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

In many cases, a valuation technique used to measure fair value includes inputs from multiple levels of the fair value hierarchy. The lowest level of significant input determines the placement of the entire fair value measurement in the hierarchy. The Opera is permitted to use a practical expedient which allows for the measurement of the fair value based on the investee's net asset value per share or its equivalent. Investments using Net Asset Value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as a fair value expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. These investments are presented as "NAV" in the following tables to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy table to the total investments at fair value presented in the Statements of Financial Position.

The fair value of debt and equity investments that are readily marketable are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or by quoted market prices of similar securities with similar due dates (Level 2 inputs). The fair value of investments in limited liability partnerships are valued at NAV based on valuations provided by the external investment manager as of the date of their most recent audited financial statements, adjusted for cash receipts, cash disbursements, and other anticipated income or loss through the end of the fiscal year.

Investment Strategies and Valuation Inputs

Fixed Income Securities consist of mutual funds which are primarily invested in debt securities. The fair value of mutual funds, which are readily marketable, is determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges.

Equity Securities consist of mutual funds, common trust funds, and a limited partnership, all of which are primarily invested in equity securities. The fair value of mutual funds, which are readily marketable, is determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges. The Opera has full transparency to the holdings of the common trust funds, and the fair value of these investments and the limited partnership investment has been determined by the managers based on the market prices of the underlying holdings. The limited partnership is invested primarily in emerging market equity securities.

Hedged Equities (Long/Short) consists of funds which seek above-average returns in all market environments. The funds invest in both long and short securities to mitigate market risk. Certain investment funds concentrate their investment programs in specific industries, sectors or market capitalization. In addition, the funds may utilize leverage, options, futures, commodities or other derivatives and may invest in non-U.S. securities and illiquid securities.

(Continued)

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

Absolute Return consists of funds which seek to generate attractive, risk-adjusted returns across all market environments. In pursuing this investment objective, the funds generally employ multiple strategies, including without limitation, (i) credit and volatility-driven strategies such as the trading of convertible, asset-backed, mortgage-backed, high-yield and distressed instruments, credit, fixed-income and capital structure arbitrage, and private placements, (ii) equity strategies, including fundamental and quantitative long-short, long only and short only equity trades, and relative value-driven equity strategies and (iii) investments in commodity derivatives and physical commodities.

Real Assets consists of funds which invest in real estate, natural resources and credit.

- (1) Investments in real estate seek to capitalize on relative value and opportunities across various property types, geographic regions and strategies through value-added real estate investments primarily in the United States.
- (2) Natural resources consist of global investments in commodities such as metals and mining, gold and other precious metals and oil and gas exploration and production. Holdings may be comprised of equities, ETFs, debt, illiquid investments, derivatives, commodity futures and commodity future options.
- (3) Credit funds pursue investments in distressed residential mortgage market and opportunistic investments in corporate credit, real estate and asset-based lending. The funds may engage in hedging activities, including interest rate hedging, currency hedging, short sales, foreign exchange transactions, and other derivative contracts or instruments.

Assets Held in Trust – The Opera is the beneficiary of two endowment funds managed by the Chicago Community Trust. The fair value of beneficial interests is determined based upon the Opera's proportional interest in the fair value of the underlying trust assets. The underlying trust assets are either readily marketable and have fair values which are determined by obtaining quoted market prices in active markets, or are determined by the trust using information provided by the related investment manager (Level 3 inputs)[income approach].

Interest Rate Swap – The fair value of the swap is computed using the present value of cash flows based on the notional amount, term, and fixed and variable interest rates contained in the contract. The model prices the instrument at an exit value were the agreement terminated at the date of valuation. Significant fair value inputs can be verified and do not involve management judgments (Level 2 inputs)[income approach].

Alternative Investments consist of the hedged equities, absolute return and real assets investment categories. The Opera generally uses the net asset value ("NAV"), but incorporates information such as historical and current performance of underlying assets, liquidity terms of the investment agreements, completed or pending transactions in the underlying or a comparable investment, and overall market conditions in determining valuations. The managers utilize standard valuation procedures and policies to assess the fair value of the underlying investment holdings to derive NAV. For holdings in marketable securities listed on national securities exchanges, the values represent the publicly traded values, and holdings in private securities are generally valued using the mark-to-market method, which attempts to apply a fair value standard by referring to meaningful third-party transactions, comparable public market valuations, or appraisals. In some instances, the Opera possesses the ability to redeem its investment at the NAV at or near the measurement date. In some instances, however, restrictions on redemptions, such as notice requirements, lock-ups and gates, may be in place such that investment redemption at NAV is not possible at the measurement date.

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The following table discloses additional information about investments recorded at fair value at June 30, 2019 and 2018:

2010 and 2010.		Unfunded	Redemption	Estimated
<u>June 30, 2019</u>	Fair Value	Commitments	•	Remaining Life
Fixed income securities	\$ 47,269,502	\$ -	Daily	n/a
		φ -	•	
Equity securities	110,324,663	-	Daily to monthly	n/a
Hedged equities	18,717,537	-	Monthly to one year	n/a
Absolute return	29,959,210	-	Monthly to three years or not permitted	n/a
Real assets				
Credit and real estate	7,541,871	2,927,952	Daily or Not permitted	1-8 years
Natural resources	671	-	Monthly to quarterly	n/a
Investment assets held in trust	4,615,950	<u> </u>	Not permitted	n/a
Total investments	\$ 218,429,404	\$ 2,927,952		
				
		Unfunded	Redemption	Estimated
June 30, 2018	<u>Fair Value</u>	Commitments	<u>Terms</u>	Remaining Life
Fixed income securities	\$ 21,303,860	\$ -	Daily	n/a
Equity securities	108,600,033	-	Daily to monthly	n/a
Hedged equities	26,306,780	-	Monthly to one year	n/a
Absolute return	30,036,541	-	Quarterly to three years	n/a
Real assets				
Credit and real estate	7,060,570	3,528,095	Not permitted	1-9 years
Natural resources	1,417	-	Monthly to quarterly	n/a
Investment assets held in trust	4,703,324		Not permitted	n/a
Total investments	\$ 198,012,525	\$ 3,528,095		

At June 30, 2019, \$1,051,538 of the Opera's alternative investments are in illiquid, special investments. Unfunded commitments represent capital calls which can be made at the discretion of the general partner within contractual limits. These commitments do not represent obligations required to be accrued on the Statements of Financial Position.

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis at fair value at June 30, 2019 and 2018, are summarized below:

<u>June 30, 2019</u>		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	NAV		<u>Total</u>
Current assets:									
Fixed income securities	\$	30,479,261	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	30,479,261
Long-term assets:									
Fixed income securities Equity securities		16,790,241		-		-	-		16,790,241
Large cap		31,961,927		-		-	20,736,957		52,698,884
Small cap		9,874		-		-	7,223,719		7,233,593
International		27,933,615		-		-	22,458,571		50,392,186
Hedged equities		-		-		-	18,717,537		18,717,537
Absolute return		-		-		-	29,959,210		29,959,210
Real assets		-		-		-	7,542,542		7,542,542
Investment assets held in trust						4,615,950			4,615,950
Total long-term assets		76,695,657				4,615,950	106,638,536	_	187,950,143
Total assets	\$	107,174,918	\$		\$	4,615,950	\$ 106,638,536	\$	218,429,404
Occurred the billistic occ		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	<u>NAV</u>		<u>Total</u>
Current liabilities:	Φ		Φ	4 000 000	φ		r.	Φ	4 000 000
Interest rate swap	\$	-	\$	1,002,096	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,002,096
Long-term liabilities: Interest rate swap	_		_	8,046,711	_	<u> </u>		_	8,046,711
Total liabilities	\$		\$	9,048,807	\$		\$ -	\$	9,048,807

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2018		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	NAV		<u>Total</u>
Current assets:	Φ.	0.000.570	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	Φ.	0.000.570
Fixed income securities	\$	9,006,578	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,006,578
Long-term assets:									
Fixed income securities Equity securities		12,297,282		-		-	-		12,297,282
Large cap		26,903,570		-		-	22,228,365		49,131,935
Small cap		16,191		-		-	7,459,713		7,475,904
International		27,714,334		-		-	24,277,860		51,992,194
Hedged equities		-		-		-	26,306,780		26,306,780
Absolute return		-		-		-	30,036,541		30,036,541
Real assets		-		-		-	7,061,987		7,061,987
Investment assets held in trust		<u>-</u>				4,703,324			4,703,324
Total long-term assets	_	66,931,377	_		_	4,703,324	117,371,246	_	189,005,947
Total assets	\$	75,937,955	\$		\$	4,703,324	\$ 117,371,246	\$	198,012,525
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	NAV		<u>Total</u>
Current liabilities:	Φ		Φ	000 407	Φ		Ф	Φ	000 407
Interest rate swap	\$	-	\$	883,167	\$	-	\$ -	\$	883,167
Long-term liabilities:				0.407.000					0.407.000
Interest rate swap		<u>-</u>		6,127,990		-			6,127,990
Total liabilities	\$		\$	7,011,157	\$		\$ -	\$	7,011,157

The table below reconciles beginning and ending balances for Level 3 assets for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Year ended	Investment Assets
June 30, 2019	<u>Held In Trust</u>
July 1, 2018 Distributions Unrealized gains	\$ 4,703,324 (153,063) 65,689
June 30, 2019	\$ 4,615,950
Year ended	Investment Assets
June 30, 2018	<u>Held In Trust</u>
July 1, 2017	\$ 4,525,150
Distributions	(146,918)
Unrealized gains	325,092
June 30, 2018	\$ 4,703,324

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

The realized and unrealized gains on Level 3 investments still held at June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$65,689 and \$325,092, respectively.

Investment Returns

Investment returns for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, are summarized as follows:

	Wi	ithout Dono	r Re	estrictions	٧	Vith Donor	
	0	<u>perating</u>	No	n-Operating	<u>R</u>	<u>estrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>2019</u>							
Interest and dividends	\$	537,834	\$	2,039,298	\$	753,669	\$ 3,330,801
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)		(202,821)		4,445,206		1,645,893	5,888,278
Investment expenses		-		(971,263)		(364,797)	 (1,336,060)
Total return on investments		335,013		5,513,241		2,034,765	\$ 7,883,019
Board authorized spending draw				(9,160,795)			 (9,160,795)
Total return on investments,							
net of spending draw	\$	335,013	\$	(3,647,554)	\$	2,034,765	\$ (1,277,776)
	Wi	ithout Dono	r R	estrictions	V	Vith Donor	
	<u>O</u>	perating	No	n-Operating	R	<u>estrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>2018</u>							
Interest and dividends	\$	166,901	\$	1,202,450	\$	489,536	\$ 1,858,887
Net realized and unrealized gains		24,074		8,973,473		3,797,991	12,795,538
Investment expenses		400.075	_	(859,252)		(347,560)	 (1,206,812)
Total return on investments		190,975		9,316,671		3,939,967	13,447,613
Board authorized spending draw				(9,114,038)			 (9,114,038)
Total return on investments,							
net of spending draw	\$	190,975	\$	202,633	\$	3,939,967	\$ 4,333,575

NOTE D - ENDOWMENT

The Opera's endowment is comprised of perpetual donor-restricted funds.

The Opera has interpreted the State of Illinois' Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, unless there are explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Opera retains in perpetuity (a) the original value of initial and subsequent gift amounts (including promises to give net of discount and allowance for doubtful accounts) donated to the Endowment and (b) any accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added. Donor-restricted amounts not retained in perpetuity are subject to appropriation for expenditure by us in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. Accumulations to the donor-restricted endowment net of Board authorized spending draws are classified as net assets with donor restrictions.

In accordance with UPMIFA, the Opera considers the following factors, among others, in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund;
- The purposes of the Opera and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- General economic conditions;
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation;
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- Other resources of the Opera; and
- The investment policies of the Opera.

The fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level the donor requires the Opera to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In the event an endowment fund falls 20% below the level the donor has required the Opera to retain, an analysis of the fund will be undertaken to determine future spending distributions. In the event an endowment fund falls 25% below the level the donor has required the Opera to retain, future spending distributions will be suspended until the fund again exceeds the 25% level. There were no deficiencies at June 30, 2019 or 2018.

The Investment Committee of the Board of Directors establishes policies and procedures concerning the management of endowment funds. These policies establish asset classes that are deemed suitable for investment of endowment funds which currently include investments in domestic and international equities, fixed income, alternative strategies and real assets.

Endowment funds, commingled with other funds without donor restrictions, are managed on a total return basis taking into consideration the need to maintain the purchasing power of the managed portfolio as well as the need to support the Opera's mission.

Risk and return expectations for the managed portfolio are modeled using historical rates of return and volatility measures for various asset allocation scenarios. Investments are made in various asset classes based on policy requirements for a highly diversified portfolio in accordance with asset allocation guidelines. Actual allocations to an asset class are compared to target allocations and rebalanced as appropriate. The performance of the managed portfolio is reported on a monthly basis with a target return of 8%.

NOTE D – ENDOWMENT (Continued)

The Opera's Board of Directors has approved a spending policy which allows for the transfer of 5% of the average of the market values of the trailing twelve quarter balance of the managed portfolio at December 31 of the previous fiscal year, including endowment balances, to be used to support operations and fund debt service. The spending rate approximates the return objective of the fund allowing for the preservation of purchasing power and growth of the managed portfolio through investment returns in excess of the objective and new gifts.

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

June 30, 2019	_	Vith Donor estrictions
Pledges receivable, net Interfund receivable Donor restricted endowment funds Original donor restricted gift amount and amounts required to be maintained in	\$	1,020,052 13,000
perpetuity by donor		28,563,456
Accumulated investment gains		25,389,588
Total donor restricted endowment funds	_	53,953,044
Total net assets	\$	54,986,096
June 30, 2018	_	Vith Donor estrictions
Pledges receivable, net Interfund receivable Donor restricted endowment funds Original donor restricted gift amount and amounts required to be maintained in	\$	1,104,584 13,000
perpetuity by donor Accumulated investment gains Total donor restricted endowment funds		28,403,456 25,871,143 54,274,599
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	55,392,183

NOTE D - ENDOWMENT (Continued)

Changes in endowment net assets for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	With Donor Restrictions
Year Ended June 30, 2019	
Net assets at beginning of year	\$ 55,392,183
Investment return Investment income Net appreciation (realized and unrealized)	388,874 1,645,893
Total investment return	2,034,767
Contributions	75,467
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditures	(2,516,321)
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 54,986,096</u>
Year Ended June 30, 2018	With Donor Restrictions
Net assets at beginning of year	\$ 53,157,706
Investment return Investment income Net appreciation (realized and unrealized)	3,797,991
Total investment return	3,939,967
Contributions Appropriation of endowment assets	725,560
for expenditures	(2,431,050)
Net assets at end of year	\$ 55,392,183

NOTE E - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

401(k) Plan: The Opera provides a 401(k) plan which allows eligible full-time administrative non-union employees to make elective deferrals. The Opera makes a matching contribution based on a percentage of each employee's deferral. For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Opera contributed \$564,481 and \$400,392, respectively.

Multiemployer Retirement Plans: The Opera contributes to a number of defined benefit multi-employer pension plans under the terms of collective-bargaining agreements which cover its union-represented employees. The risks of participating in these multi-employer plans are different from single-employer plans in the following respects:

- Assets contributed to the multi-employer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers.
- b) If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers.
- c) If the Opera chooses to stop participating in any of its multi-employer plans, the Opera may be required to pay those plans an amount based on the Opera's proportionate share of unfunded vested plan benefits, referred to as a withdrawal liability.

The Opera participates in eight multi-employer defined benefit plans, two of which are material to the Opera's financial position. The Opera's participation in the plans which cover Orchestra and Stagehand employees is outlined in the following table. "EIN/Pension Plan Number" provides the Employee Identification Number (EIN) and the three-digit plan number. The most recent Pension Protection Act (PPA) zone status available is for the plan's year-end. The zone status is based on information that the Opera received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65 percent funded, plans in the yellow zone are less than 80 percent funded, and plans in the green zone are at least 80 percent funded. "FIP/RP Status" indicates plans for which a financial improvement plan (FIP) or a rehabilitation plan (RP) is either pending or has been implemented. Lyric has been advised that the American Federation of Musicians and Employers' Pension Fund is entering critical and declining status for the plan year beginning April 1, 2019. This means that the Fund is projected to run out of money to pay benefits (or become "insolvent") within 20 years. The Fund Trustees are preparing a Multiemployer Pension Reform Act (MPRA) application for submission to the U.S. Department of the Treasury to be filed by the end of 2019. As of this date, there have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2019 and 2018 contributions.

<u>Orchestra</u>	<u>Stagehands</u>
American Federation of Musicians and Employers' Pension Fund	Stagehands Local Tw o Retirement Plan
51-6120204/001	36-6099766/001
6/30/2021	6/30/2023
\$1,031,029	\$679,466
\$1,035,014	\$606,265
3/31/2018	12/31/2017
Red	Green
Red	Green
Implemented	Not applicable
Yes	No
No	Yes
	American Federation of Musicians and Employers' Pension Fund 51-6120204/001 6/30/2021 \$1,031,029 \$1,035,014 3/31/2018 Red Red Red Implemented Yes

(Continued)

NOTE E - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Opera contributed a total of \$122,193 and \$125,139 to six other defined benefit multi-employer plans in fiscal 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Opera also contributed \$1,580,606 and \$1,688,230 to various defined contribution multi-employer plans in fiscal 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Severance Benefits: In addition to contributions to multiemployer retirement plans, the Opera provides severance benefits for the orchestra, chorus, production staff, and dancers. Severance benefits are based on a combination of wages, age, and length of service.

The change in benefit obligations and the funded status of the plans for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, are as follows:

		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Change in benefit obligation				
Benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$	4,227,893	\$	4,295,813
Service cost		141,182		146,612
Interest cost		143,911		138,851
Actuarial loss/(gain)		162,367		240,376
Benefits paid		(420,097)	_	(593,759)
Benefit obligation, end of period	<u>\$</u>	4,255,256	<u>\$</u>	4,227,893
Funded Status				
Projected benefit obligation	\$	(4,255,256)	\$	(4,227,893)
Fair value of assets			_	<u>-</u>
Funded status	\$	(4,255,256)	\$	(4,227,893)

The components of net periodic benefit costs for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, are as follows:

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Service cost	\$	141,182	\$ 146,612
Interest cost		143,911	138,851
Amortization of			
Net transition obligation		16,148	19,382
Prior service cost		(21,112)	(21,112)
Net loss		23,216	 18,968
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$</u>	303,345	\$ 302,701

NOTE E - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Severance costs not previously recognized as a component of the periodic severance cost, but included as a cumulative separate charge to net assets for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, are as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Net transition obligations	\$ _	\$ 16,148
Prior service cost	24,527	3,415
Net actuarial loss	 919,170	 780,018
Net amount recognized	\$ 943,697	\$ 799,581

Severance costs included as a separate charge to net assets for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, consisted primarily of actuarial losses/(gains) of approximately \$162,000 and \$240,000, respectively.

Net periodic benefit cost expected to be recognized in the next fiscal year is as follows:

	<u>2020</u>
Service cost	\$ 151,799
Interest cost	126,230
Amortization of	
Net transition obligation	-
Prior service cost	(21,112)
Net loss	 29,842
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 286,759

The key actuarial assumptions used were:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
To determine benefit obligation		
Discount rate	3.51%	4.14%
Expected rate of pay increases	1.00-1.50%	1.00-1.50%
To determine net periodic benefit:		
Discount rate	3.51%	3.87%
Expected rate of pay increase	1.00-1.50%	1.00-1.50%

NOTE E - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Estimated benefit payments for future fiscal years are as follows:

2020	\$	658,975
2021		222,712
2022		236,081
2023		365,423
2024		430,289
2025-2029	1,	,653,619

NOTE F - NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS AND NET ASSETS RELEASED FROM DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions are restricted for the following purposes:

	2019 With Donor <u>Restrictions</u>	2018 With Donor Restrictions
Subject to the passage of time: Future operating support	\$ 57,494,383	\$ 59,797,103
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose: Equipment	7,871,072	5,546,063
Endowments: Future operating support	29,596,508	29,521,040
Total	\$ 94,961,963	\$ 94,864,206

Net Assets with donor restrictions are released from restrictions either by the passage of time or by the fulfillment of a purpose. Restrictions released during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, are summarized as follows:

Time restrictions:	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Operating support	\$ 7,406,328 7,406,328	\$ 19,751,695 19,751,695	
Purpose restrictions: Operating support Equipment	10,173,068 1,274,595 11,447,663	13,384,175 908,233 14,292,408	
Total	<u>\$ 18,853,991</u>	\$ 34,044,103	

(Continued)

NOTE G - FUNDRAISING CAMPAIGNS

In December 2012, the Board of Directors approved the Breaking New Ground strategic plan, which laid the foundation for the Breaking New Ground (BNG) campaign. The purpose of the campaign is to support operations of the Opera, increase the endowment, and fund stage and other equipment improvements. In fiscal 2014, the Campaign For Excellence, which was established for the purpose of supporting the operations of the Opera, subject to Finance Committee oversight, was merged with BNG. Management's use of BNG proceeds is subject to the oversight of the Finance Committee and approval of the Board of Directors. The fund balances of the Breaking New Ground Fund are \$24,249,675 and \$31,381,444 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Board authorized a distribution of proceeds without donor restrictions of \$1,369,527 and \$3,885,320, respectively. Such amounts are included in net assets released from restriction and designation.

NOTE H - BONDS PAYABLE

On March 1, 1994, the Illinois Development Finance Authority (the Authority) issued and sold \$62.2 million aggregate principal amount of Variable/Fixed Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 1994 (Lyric Opera of Chicago Project). Pursuant to a Loan Agreement dated as of February 1, 1994 between the Authority and the Opera, the Authority loaned the proceeds of the bonds to the Opera to provide funds to acquire, construct, renovate, remodel, and equip the facility used by the Opera in the production and performance of its programs, to pay interest on the bonds, and to pay certain costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds. The bonds have adjustable methods of interest rate determination and interest payment. As of June 30, 2019, the bonds operated in a mode where the interest rate was established each week and interest on the bonds was payable monthly. On June 30, 2019, the interest rate was 1.93%.

On March 13, 2018 the Opera agreed to certain financial and operating covenants in an agreement with certain banks providing a credit facility (letter of credit) in the amount of \$63 million which expires March 13, 2023. This replaced a previous agreement with certain banks that provided a credit facility (letter of credit) in the amount of \$63 million that expired December 17, 2018. Under the terms of both agreements, should the bonds become unmarketable, the Opera would be required to pay off such amounts within two years. Interest on such amounts would not exceed the prime rate plus 2%.

Because these bonds operate in a floating interest rate mode and are remarketed at par value weekly, their carrying values approximate fair value.

On March 13, 2018, the Opera redeemed and replaced its Illinois Finance Authority (IFA) issued \$3.5 million aggregate principal amount tax exempt Revenue Bond, Series 2008 with a \$3.6 million term loan. The \$3.6 million term loan has a fixed interest rate of 4.10%, payable monthly, and is set to expire March 12, 2028. Pursuant to the IFA loan agreement, IFA loaned the proceeds of the bond to the Opera to provide funds to purchase, construct, and equip space for patron hospitality services, and to pay certain issuance costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the bond. The bond had a fixed interest rate of 4.8%, payable monthly.

Bond interest expense was \$1,128,312 and \$912,066 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

(Continued)

NOTE H – BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Unamortized bond issuance costs were:

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Deferred bond issuance costs Less: accumulated amortization	\$	2,394,947 1,725,390	\$ 2,394,947 1,643,661
Net	<u>\$</u>	669,557	\$ 751,286

Bond issuance costs are netted against long-term debt on the statements of financial position.

Future debt maturities are as follows:

March 12, 2028	\$	3,600,000
December 1, 2028	_	62,200,000
Total	\$	65,800,000

NOTE I - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

On May 9, 2006, the Opera entered into an interest rate swap agreement with the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) in order to hedge overall exposure to variable rate debt. The Opera has agreed to pay BNYM interest at a fixed rate of 3.804% with the counterparty paying the Opera a floating rate based on 67% of one-month LIBOR. The interest rate swap agreement has a notional amount of \$40 million and expires December 1, 2028, and has no requirements for collateral posting. The Opera may terminate the interest rate swap early.

Summary information about the interest rate swap agreement as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Weighted average pay rates (fixed)	3.804%	3.804%
Weighted average one-month LIBOR (variable)	1.574%	1.034%

The interest rate swap is recorded at fair value as a liability on the statement of financial position. Interest expense, settled on a net basis, was \$896,545 and \$1,128,829 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE J - LINE OF CREDIT

On March 13, 2018, the Board of Directors approved a resolution authorizing the Opera to establish a \$10,000,000 unsecured line of credit (LOC) with Fifth Third Bank. The LOC, which terminates on March 13, 2021, has a variable rate of 0.85% per annum plus the LIBOR rate on borrowings and a 0.10% fee on the unused LOC. The LOC also requires a 30 consecutive day period each fiscal year in which there are no borrowings.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Opera has not borrowed on the LOC.

NOTE K - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contracts with Performers and Unions: Future commitments to artists are approximately \$6.6 million in 2019-20; \$3.3 million in 2020-21; and \$1.9 million in 2021-22.

The Opera has approximately \$200,000 in outstanding commitments related to new productions, stage equipment and information technology investments.

The Opera has collective bargaining agreements with numerous unions. Contracts with the American Guild of Musical Artists (AGMA), which represents principal artists, choristers, ballet, and production staff, and the Chicago Federation of Musicians (CFM), which represents the orchestra, expires on June 30, 2021. The International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees, which represents the stagehands, expires on June 30, 2023.

The Opera has personal service contracts with four individuals, three through June 30, 2021 and one through June 30, 2026.

The Opera is the defendant in certain litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management and outside legal counsel, such items are adequately covered by insurance or their ultimate outcome will not have a material impact on the financial position of the Opera.

NOTE L - RELATED PARTIES, CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND CODE OF CONDUCT

The Opera maintains a Conflict of Interest Policy which applies to all Directors, officers of auxiliary organizations authorized by the Opera as well as senior management and other designated members of staff. The Policy requires each person to whom the policy applies complete an annual disclosure statement which identifies a business or financial interest related to that person and which is planning to engage in a business transaction with the Opera or has engaged in a business transaction with the Opera during the preceding year.

The Policy forbids such individuals from voting on or using their personal influence in connection with such transactions. In the event the Opera does conduct business with a related party, the financial terms of those relationships are reported annually to the Audit Committee, whose members must be independent per the terms of its charter.

The Opera requires each Administrative employee to conduct themselves in accordance with the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics approved by the Opera's Board of Directors and to sign an annual statement acknowledging their understanding of this Code.

(Continued)

NOTE M - LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

The Opera's financial assets available within one year of the statement of financial position date for general expenditure are as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,437,386	\$ 3,490,867
Short-Term Investments	30,479,261	9,006,578
Ticket and Other Receivables Current Pledge and Bequest Receivables	679,798	1,032,761
Without Donor Restriction	3,952,457	13,355,054
Total	\$ 39,548,902	\$ 26,885,260

As part of the Opera's liquidity management, the Opera invests its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. To help manage unanticipated liquidity needs, the Opera has a committed line of credit in the amount of \$10 million upon which it could draw. The use of this line of credit is generally restricted to the extent that the Opera is in need of liquidity to fund program-related obligations.

The Opera's long-term investment funds consist of donor-restricted endowments and funds designated by the board as long-term investments. Income from donor-restricted endowments is restricted for specific purposes, with the exception of the amounts available for general use. Donor-restricted endowment funds are not available for general expenditure.

The Opera's unrestricted long-term investments of \$188 million are subject to Board approved spending policies. Although the Opera does not intend to spend from the unrestricted long-term investments (other than amounts appropriated for general expenditure as part of the Board's annual budget approval and appropriation), these amounts could be made available if necessary.

As part of the Opera's liquidity management plan, the Opera invests cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments and money market funds.

NOTE N - FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

The Opera's functional allocation of expenses as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		2018						
		Management &						
	<u>Program</u>	<u>General</u>	<u>Fundraising</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>			
Salaries, Benefits, & Employment Taxes	\$ 40,313,730	\$ 4,105,673	\$ 3,287,888	\$ 47,707,291	\$ 49,565,679			
Contracted Services & Professional Fees	6,972,088	1,799,834	587,419	9,359,341	10,794,895			
Production Costs	3,903,666	-	-	3,903,666	4,923,296			
Advertising and Promotions	2,856,865	5,759	89,680	2,952,304	2,785,392			
Occupancy	1,787,256	216,497	70,052	2,073,805	2,411,364			
Office Expense	646,594	337,525	187,690	1,171,809	1,592,572			
Travel	1,039,513	126,721	193,886	1,360,120	1,192,322			
Other Expenses	4,579,418	316,642	537,398	5,433,458	5,798,381			
Other Debt Service Costs	592,933	97,024	3,697	693,654	516,453			
Interest	1,834,377	179,043	11,437	2,024,857	2,040,895			
Depreciation & Amortization	3,869,160	424,563	-	4,293,723	4,311,533			
In-Kind Goods & Services		283,541	132,342	415,883	1,421,180			
	\$ 68,395,600	\$ 7,892,822	\$ 5,101,489	\$ 81,389,911	\$ 87,353,962			

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Salaries and related benefits expenses are allocated based on time worked in a department. Most expenses are directly charged to the department/function incurring the expense. However, occupancy costs are allocated based on square footage.

NOTE O - REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

All of the Opera's revenue from contracts with customers in the scope of ASC 606 is recognized within the following categories for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Operating revenue		
Ticket sales	\$ 30,174,416	\$ 25,975,812
Restaurant & Concession Sales	1,767,692	1,615,356
Facility Rentals	1,612,351	1,425,954
Production Rentals	502,930	855,335
Total	\$ 34,057,389	\$ 29,872,457

The Opera elected the modified retrospective approach of adoption; therefore, prior period balances are presented under legacy GAAP.

NOTE O - REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (Continued)

A description of the Opera's revenue streams accounted for under ASC 606 follows:

<u>Ticket sales</u>: The Opera sells tickets to attend the Opera's performances and events, either through subscription sales or through single ticket sales. Ticket sales are recognized as revenue at the point of performance. Ticket fees are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year that the performance occurred.

<u>Restaurant and Concession Sales</u>: The Opera sells food and beverages to performance attendees through its restaurants and concession stands. Sales are recognized as revenue at the point of sale.

<u>Facility Rentals</u>: The Opera rents the use of its theater space, labor, and food and beverage services to individuals, corporations, and non-profits. Rental revenue, including the deposit, is recognized as revenue in the month the rental event occurred.

<u>Production Rentals</u>: The Opera rents the use of its productions and costumes to other performing arts organizations. Production rental revenue, including the deposit, is recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the contract obligations are performed.

NOTE P - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to June 30, 2019, to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Management has performed their analysis through October 15, 2019, the date the financial statements were issued, and has determined there are no subsequent events to disclose. Activities subsequent to this date have not been evaluated by management.



LYRIC OPERA OF CHICAGO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – COLUMN FORMAT For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (with comparative 2018 totals)

	For the Year ended June 30, 2019					
	Without Donor Restrictions			With Donor 2019		2018
	<u>Operating</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Restrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenue and support						
Revenue						
Ticket Sales	\$ 30,174,416	\$ -	\$ 30,174,416	\$ -	\$ 30,174,416	\$ 25,975,812
Investment return designated for operations	9,160,795	(9,160,795)	-	-	=	-
Interest Income	335,013	=	335,013		335,013	190,975
Other	6,330,476	62,439	6,392,915		6,392,915	6,775,929
Total Revenue	46,000,700	(9,098,356)	36,902,344		36,902,344	32,942,716
Support						
Contributions and Fundraising Revenue, net	14,165,679	106,155	14,271,834	16,841,517	31,113,351	26,929,064
Net Assets Released from Restriction and Designation	16,361,221	2,492,771	18,853,992	(18,853,992)	<u> </u>	
Total Support	30,526,900	2,598,926	33,125,826	(2,012,475)	31,113,351	26,929,064
Total Operating Revenue and Support	76,527,600	(6,499,430)	70,028,170	(2,012,475)	68,015,695	59,871,780
Operating activities						
Artistic, Production, and Promotional	64,334,005	4,059,014	68,393,019	-	68,393,019	73,525,361
Administration	7,435,652	457,130	7,892,782	-	7,892,782	8,086,990
Development	4,757,943	211,188	4,969,131		4,969,131	4,832,990
Total operating expenses	76,527,600	4,727,332	81,254,932		81,254,932	86,445,341
Change in net assets before non-operating activities	\$ -	\$ (11,226,762)	\$ (11,226,762)	\$ (2,012,475)	\$ (13,239,237)	\$ (26,573,561)
Non-operating activities						
Gifts restricted to endowment	-	-	-	75,467	75,467	725,560
Bequests board designated for investment	-	9,000,000	9,000,000	-	9,000,000	1,000,000
Investments excluding investment return designated for operations	-	5,513,241	5,513,241	2,034,765	7,548,006	13,256,638
Unrealized gain or loss on interest rate swap		(2,037,649)	(2,037,649)		(2,037,649)	2,463,292
Total non-operating activities		12,475,592	12,475,592	2,110,232	14,585,824	17,445,490
Change in Net Assets			1,248,830	97,757	1,346,587	(9,128,071)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year			104,997,052	94,864,206	199,861,258	208,989,329
Net Assets at End of Year			\$ 106,245,882	\$ 94,961,963	\$ 201,207,845	\$ 199,861,258